



## United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address C. (MMISSI-0NER) F PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS www.uspro.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DAT	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09 682,287	08-14-200	Kai Di Feng	BUR920010050	6668
24241	7590 02.0			
	OELECTRONIC	EXAMINER		
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW 1000 RIVER STREET			KARLSEN, ERNEST F	
972 E ESSEX JUN	CTION, VT 054		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
200.71100.			2829	
			DATE MAILED: 02/03/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>*</b>		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/682,287	FENG, KAI DI				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Ernest F. Karlsen	2829				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a r within the statutory minimum of thir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).				
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 A	August 2001 .					
2a) □	<u> </u>	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)	Claim(s) $\underline{1-31}$ is/are pending in the application						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) 1-31 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)(	All b) Some * c) None of:	s have been received					
	<ul> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>						
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bursee the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
	)						
Attachmen							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 09/682,287 Page 2

Art Unit: 2829

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-11, drawn to methods of testing dies on a wafer, classified in class 324, subclass 765.
- II. Claims 12-14, drawn to apparatus adapted to test an electronic device on a wafer, classified in class 324, subclass 765.
- 2. III. Claims 15-17, drawn to apparatus adapted to tests an electronic device on a wafer, classified in class 324, subclass 765.
- 3. IV. Claims 18-31, drawn to apparatus adapted to test an electronic device on a wafer, classified in class 324, subclass 765.
- 4. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because:
- 5. Inventions II. III and IV in a first set and I in a second set are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the apparatus can be used to practice a plurality of methods as disclosed and claimed.
- 6. Inventions III and IV in a first set are related as combination and subcombination.

  Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant

Page 3 Application/Control Number: 09/682,287 Art Unit: 2829 case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because II in a second set. The subcombination has separate utility such as the combination does not require all of the details of the subcombination and claim 15 serves as an evidence claim that such is the case. By itself for its intended purpose or in a different combination. Inventions II and III are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single 8. combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention II or III has separate utility such as that utility disclosed. See MPEP § 806.05(d). Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a 9. separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an 10. election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143). If Invention I is elected further election of species is required as follows: 11. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the 12. claimed invention: (1) The species to which claim 1 is drawn. (2) The species to which claims 2-4 are drawn. (3) The species to which claims 5 and 6 are drawn. (4) The species to which claims 7-11 are drawn.

Application/Control Number: 09/682,287 Page 4

Art Unit: 2829

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, no claim appears to be generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

13. If Information IV is elected further election of species and subspecies is required as follows.

Application/Control Number: 09/682,287 Page 5

Art Unit: 2829

14. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: (1) The species of Figure 3A (2) The species of Figure 3B. (3) The species of Figure 3C.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, at least claims 18 and 31 appear to be generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Art Unit: 2829

15. With the election of one of the above species further election of subspecies is required as follows:

16. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: (1) The subspecies of Figure 4A (2) The subspecies of Figure 4B.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, at least claims 18 and 31 appear to be generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case.

Page 7 Application/Control Number: 09/682,287 Art Unit: 2829 In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention. in the second ERNEST KARLSEN Karlsen/ds PRIMARY EXAMINER 01/23/03